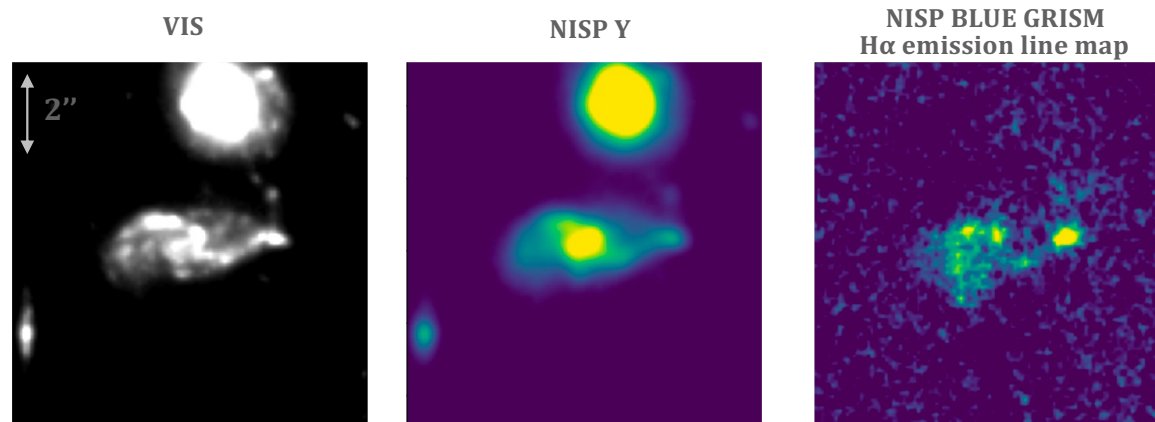


# *Euclid-WEAVE Synergy & first Euclid emission line maps*

Louis Gabarra - University of Oxford

## Collaborators:

Chiara Mancini, Benjamin Granett, Gavin Dalton, Angela Iovino, Amata Mercurio + Marcella Longhetti + Margherita Talia  
+ Euclid/GAUV/WP2 + WEAVE/StePS



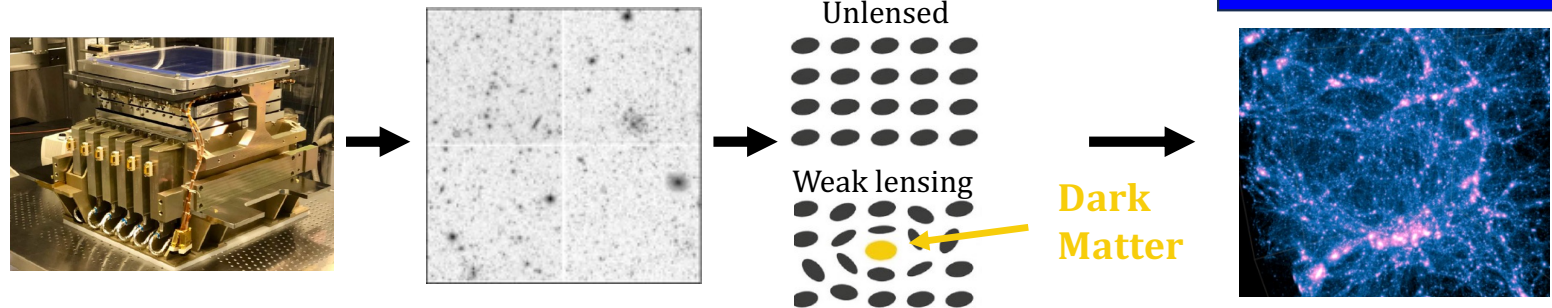
Durham, 11 July 2025



# The *Euclid* Mission: Study of Dark Energy and Dark Matter up to $z \approx 2$

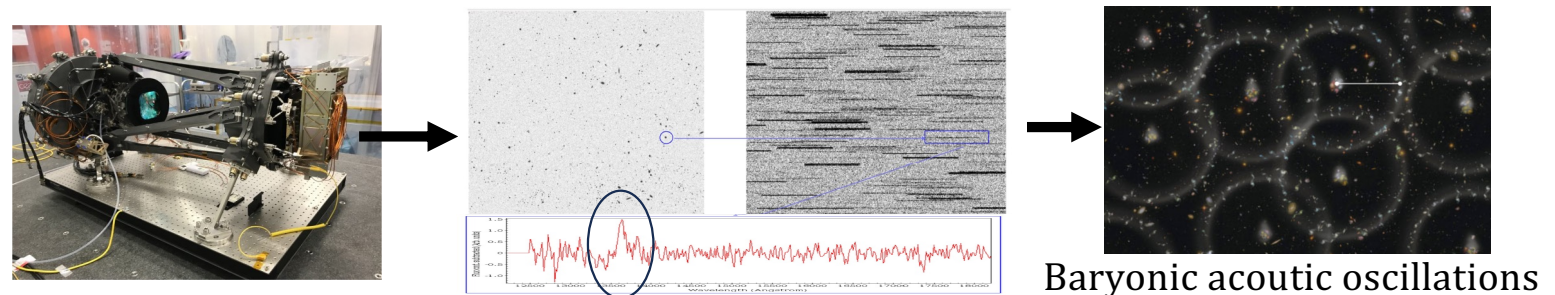
➤ VIS → Weak Lensing for 3D Dark Matter map → IMAGING

See Giuseppe's talk!

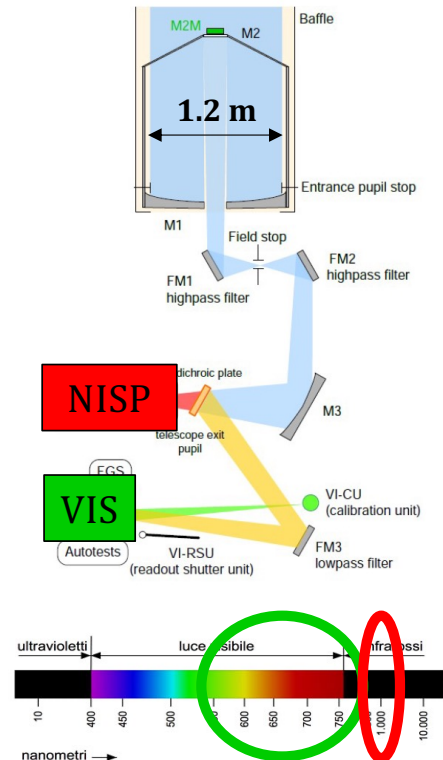


Legacy Science: Morphological parameters for billion of galaxies

➤ NISP → Redshift survey for Dark Energy study → SPECTROSCOPY AND IMAGING

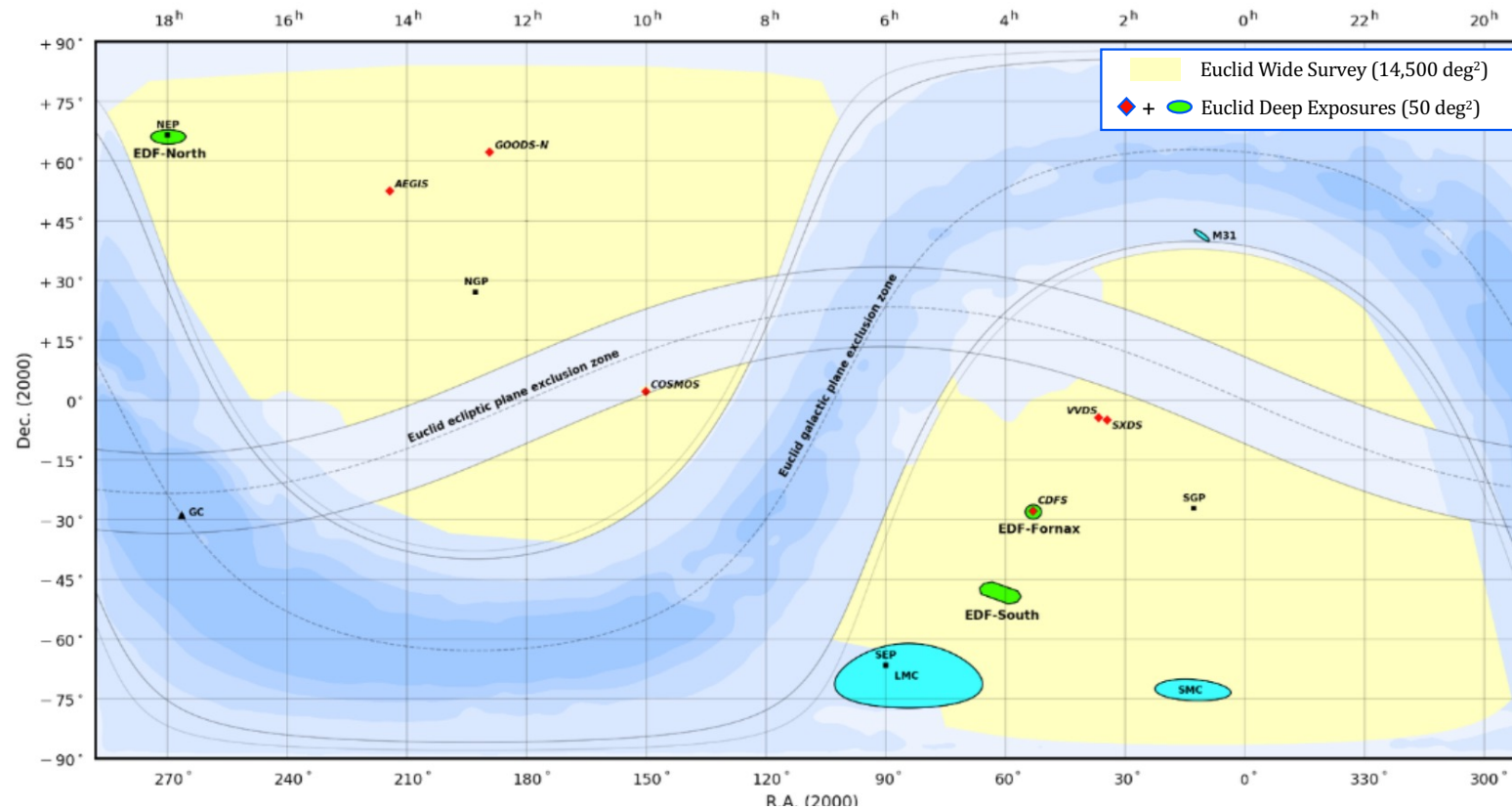


Legacy Science: Optical rest-frame spectra for 10s of millions of galaxies





# The *Euclid* Wide and Deep Surveys Footprint after the 6-year mission



For more info on Q1 Data  
Release → See Sotiria's talk!

L. Gabarra



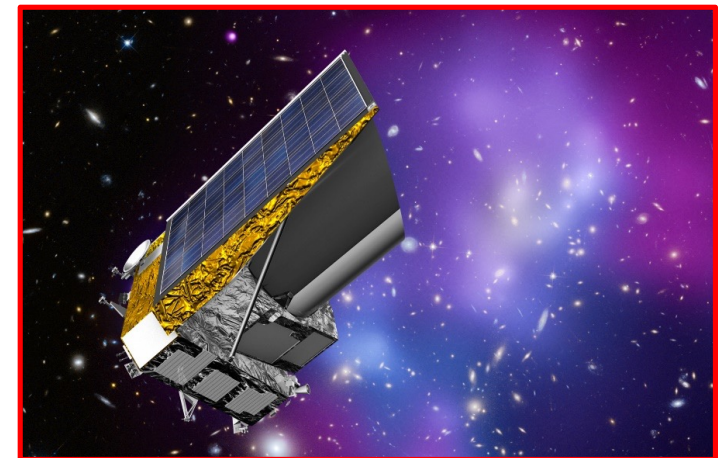
# The WEAVE and *Euclid* spectrometers

**WEAVE/WHT**  
Optical fibers  
 $\lambda/\Delta\lambda \approx 5000$



**WEAVE**  
0.36 to 0.96  $\mu\text{m}$

**NISP-S/*Euclid***  
Slitless  
 $\lambda/\Delta\lambda \geq 380$



**Blue grism**  
0.92–1.30  $\mu\text{m}$

**Red grism**  
1.25–1.86  $\mu\text{m}$

Only used in the *Euclid* Deep exposures

0.36  $\mu\text{m}$



1.86  $\mu\text{m}$

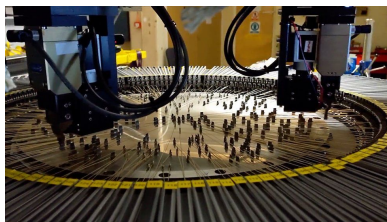




# WEAVE spectrograph on the 4.2m WHT Los Muchachos, La Palma, Canary Islands

Telescope, diameter	WHT, 4.2m
Field of view	2° Ø
Number of fibers	960 (plate A)/940 (plate B)
Fiber size	1.3"
Number of small IFUs, size	20 x 11"x12" (1.3" spaxels)
LIFU size	1.3'x1.5' (2.6" spaxels)
Low-resolution mode resolution	5750 (3000–7500)
Low-resolution mode wavelength coverage (Å)	3660–9590
High-resolution mode resolution	21000 (13000–25000)
High-resolution mode wavelength coverage (Å)	4040–4650 ("blue") or 4730–5450 ("green") 5950–6850 ("red")





# The WEAVE surveys

WEAVE survey (short-hand)	main targets	number of objects	area (deg <sup>2</sup> )	Survey fraction <sup>a</sup>	observing mode(s)	resolution modes(s)	redshift
Galactic Archaeology (GA-LRhighlat)	MSTO <sup>b</sup> stars, RGB <sup>b</sup> stars, BHB <sup>b</sup> stars, RR Lyrae	$\sim 1.6 \times 10^6$	8750	0.168	MOS	LR	0
Galactic Archaeology (GA-LRdisc)	Red Clump stars, RGB stars	$\sim 1.1 \times 10^6$	1370	0.110	MOS	LR	0
Galactic Archaeology (GA-HR)	Main sequence & RGB stars	$\sim 1.6 \times 10^6$	5650	0.309	MOS	HR	0
Galactic Archaeology (GA-OC)	Stars in open clusters and star forming regions	$\sim 1 \times 10^5$	375	0.029	MOS	HR	0
Stellar, Circumstellar and Interstellar Physics (SCIP)	OBA stars, ionised nebulae, young stars, compact objects	$\sim 4 \times 10^5$	1230	0.069	MOS, LIFU	LR, HR	0
White Dwarfs	white dwarfs	$\gtrsim 5 \times 10^4$	$\gtrsim 10\,000$	$\sim 0.012$	MOS, mIFU <sup>c</sup> , LIFU <sup>c</sup>	LR, HR	0
WEAVE-Apertif	H I-detected, mostly late-type galaxies	400 (LR), 100 (HR)	0.2 <sup>d</sup>	0.061	LIFU	LR, HR	< 0.04
WEAVE Galaxy Clusters	galaxies in dense environments	$\sim 2 \times 10^5$	1350	0.064	MOS, mIFU, LIFU	LR	< 0.5
Stellar Populations at intermediate redshifts Survey (StePS)	field galaxies	$\sim 2.5 \times 10^4$	25	0.026	MOS	LR	0.3–0.7
WEAVE-LOFAR	150 MHz sources	$\sim 7 \times 10^5$	8950	0.109	MOS, mIFU, LIFU	LR	< 6.9
WEAVE-QSO	bright, $r < 21.5$ ; $z > 2.2$ ; $21.5 < r < 23.5$ ; $2.5 < z < 3$ <sup>e</sup>	$\sim 4 \times 10^5$	8950	0.056	MOS	LR, HR	> 2.2

Galactic surveys follow up to GAIA  
Extra-Galactic surveys



# The WEAVE surveys

WEAVE survey (short-hand)	main targets	number of objects	area (deg <sup>2</sup> )	Survey fraction <sup>a</sup>	observing mode(s)	resolution modes(s)	redshift
Galactic Archaeology (GA-LRhighlat)	MSTO <sup>b</sup> stars, RGB <sup>b</sup> stars, BHB <sup>b</sup> stars, RR Lyrae	$\sim 1.6 \times 10^6$	8750	0.168	MOS	LR	0
Galactic Archaeology (GA-LRdisc)						LR	0
Galactic Archaeology (GA-HR)						HR	0
Galactic Archaeology (GA-OC)						HR	0
Stellar, Circumstellar and Interstellar Physics (SCIP)						LR, HR	0
White Dwarfs						LR, HR	0
WEAVE-Apertif						LR, HR	< 0.04
WEAVE Galaxy Clusters	galaxies in dense environments	$\sim 2 \times 10^3$	1350	0.064	MOS, mIFU, LIFU	LR	< 0.5
Stellar Populations at intermediate redshifts Survey (StePS)	field galaxies	$\sim 2.5 \times 10^4$	25	0.026	MOS	LR	0.3–0.7
WEAVE-LOFAR	150 MHz sources	$\sim 7 \times 10^5$	8950	0.109	MOS, mIFU, LIFU	LR	< 6.9
WEAVE-QSO	bright, $r < 21.5$ ; $z > 2.2$ ; $21.5 < r < 23.5$ ; $2.5 < z < 3^e$	$\sim 4 \times 10^5$	8950	0.056	MOS	LR, HR	> 2.2

## WEAVE/StePS (Iovino et al., 2023)

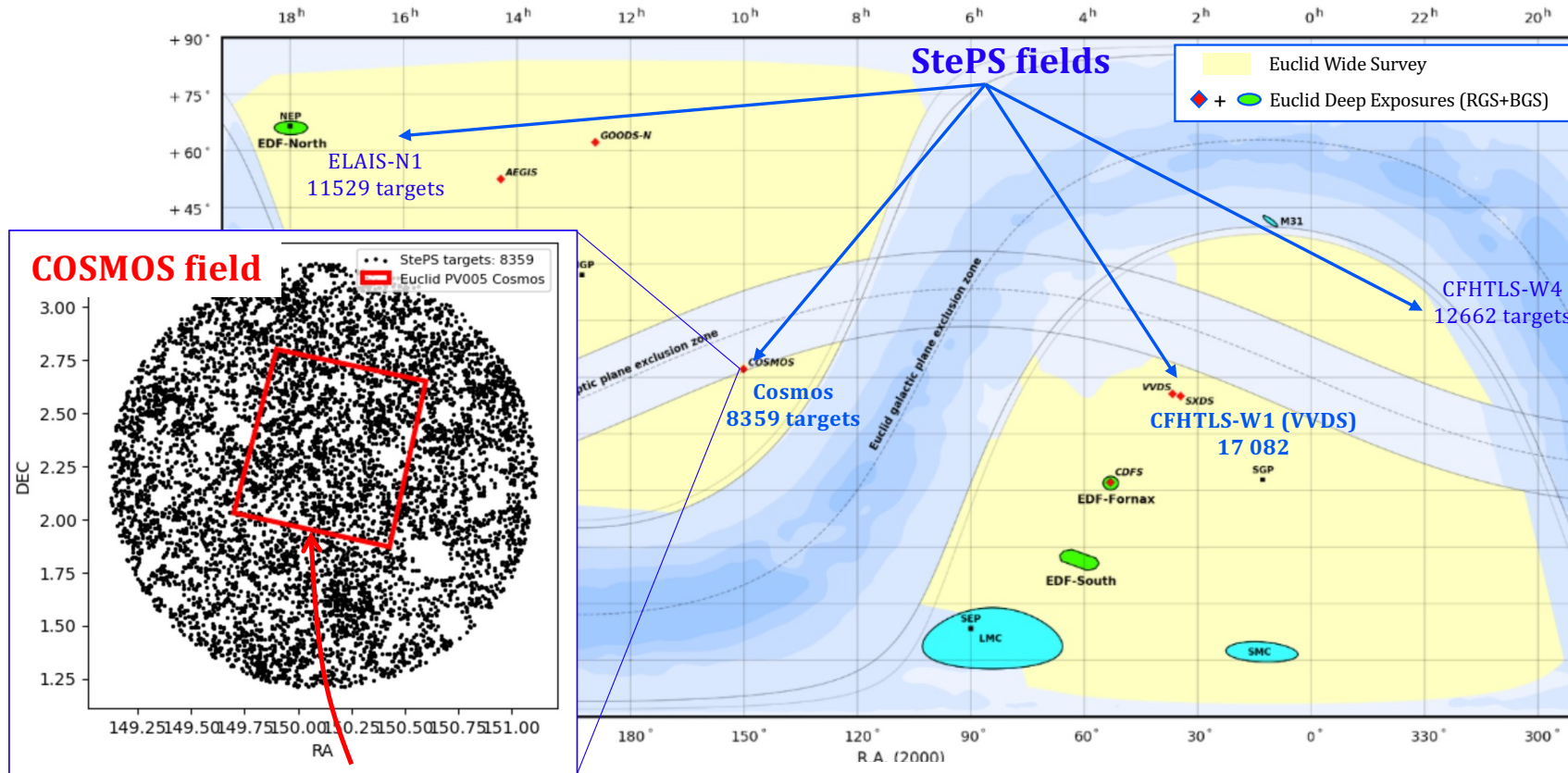
- **25k galaxies** located at  $z > 0.3$  over 25 deg<sup>2</sup> area
- Targets from HSC-SSP with  $I_{AB} < 20.5$
- **> 7-hour exposure time!**
- Resolution  $\approx 5000$  & SNR = 10 Å<sup>-1</sup>
- **60% of Star Forming Galaxies**

**WEAVE/StePS will provide the best optical spectra to date!**

Galactic surveys  
follow up to GAIA  
Extra-Galactic surveys



# Overlap between *Euclid* and WEAVE-StePS



**COSMOS has already been observed by *Euclid* with the blue and red grism**



# The WEAVE and *Euclid* spectrometers

**WEAVE/WHT**  
Optical fibers  
 $\lambda/\Delta\lambda \approx 5000$

**NISP-S/*Euclid***  
Slitless  
 $\lambda/\Delta\lambda \geq 380$



WEAVE  
0.36 to 0.96  $\mu\text{m}$



Blue grism  
0.92–1.30  $\mu\text{m}$

Red grism  
1.25–1.86  $\mu\text{m}$

$\text{H}\beta$  emission line

$\text{H}\alpha$  emission line

0.36  $\mu\text{m}$

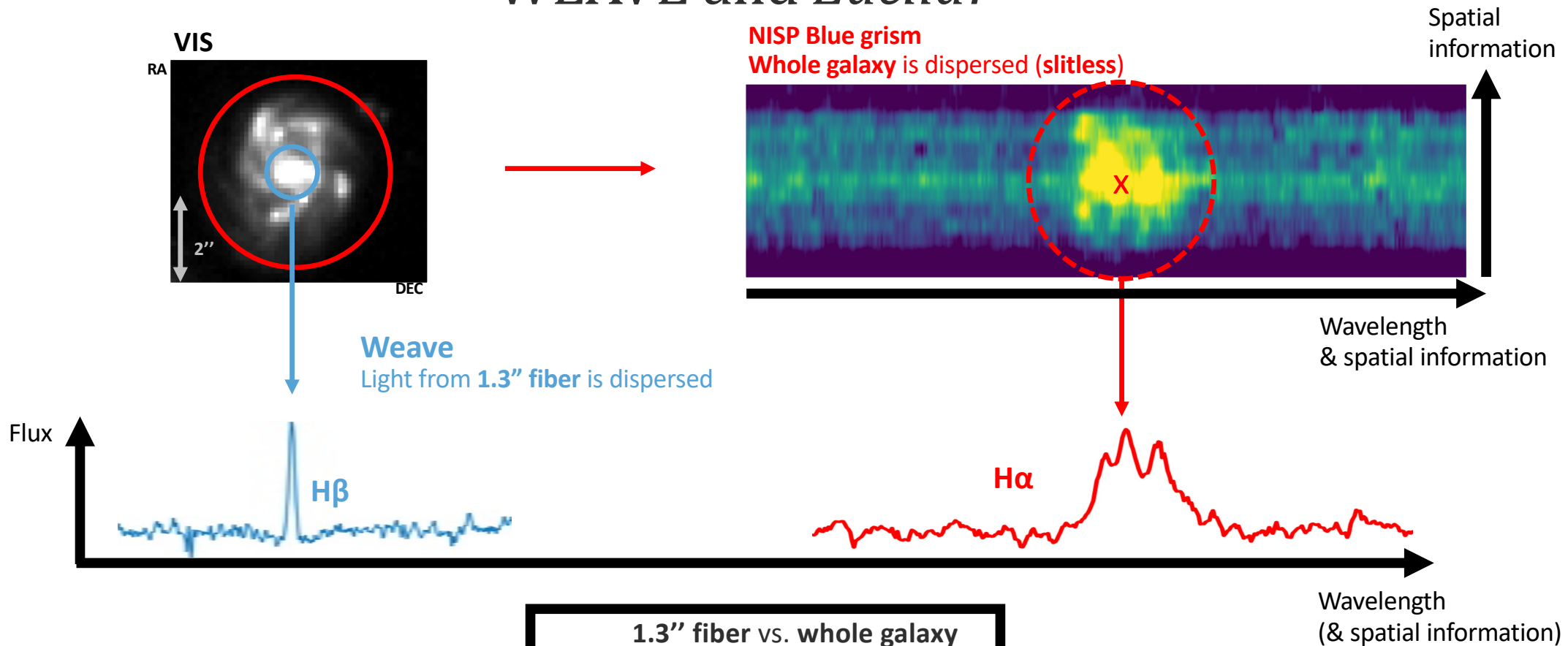
1.86  $\mu\text{m}$

$\text{H}\alpha/\text{H}\beta \rightarrow$  Dust attenuation study

L. Gabarra

9/15

# How to ensure consistent fluxes between WEAVE and *Euclid*?



1.3'' fiber vs. whole galaxy

→ H $\alpha$ /H $\beta$  unreliable

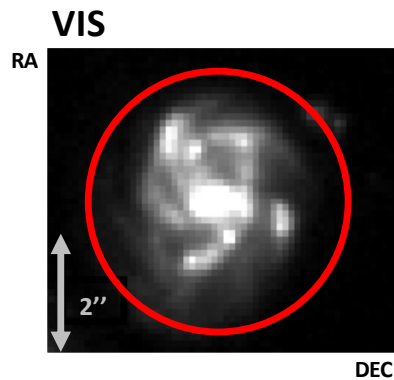
L. Gabarra



Euclid Preliminary



# How to ensure consistent fluxes between WEAVE and *Euclid*?



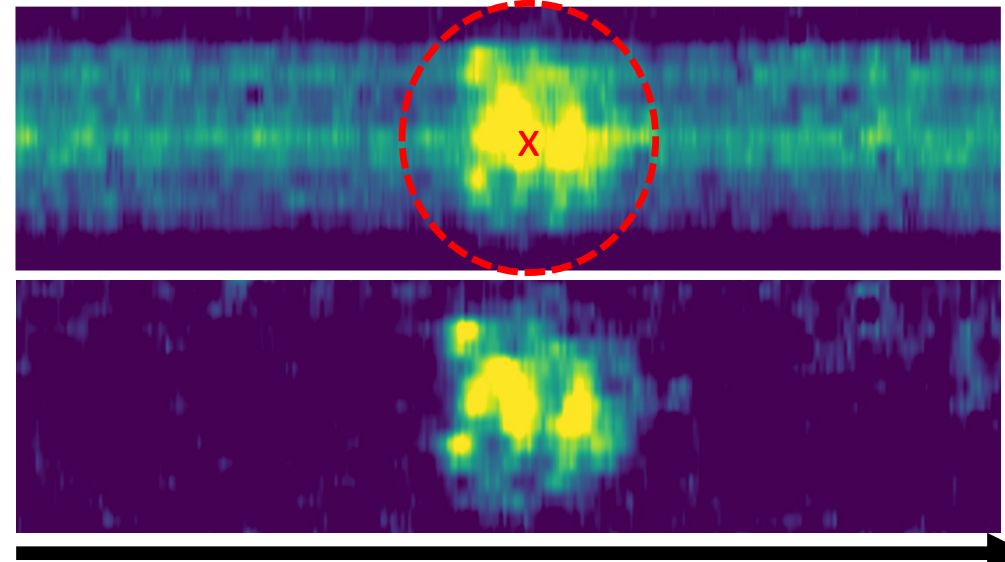
The GELSA Software  
by Ben Granett



Continuum  
subtraction

From  
pixel to RA/DEC

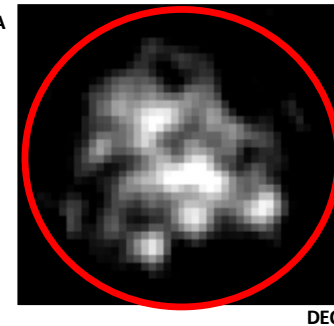
NISP Blue grism  
Whole galaxy is dispersed (slitless)



Spatial  
information

Dispersion axis  
& spatial information

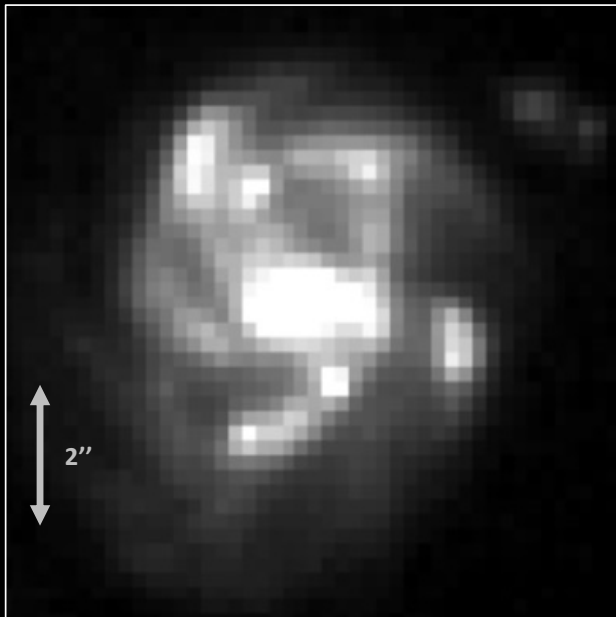
H $\alpha$   
emission line map



L. Gabarra

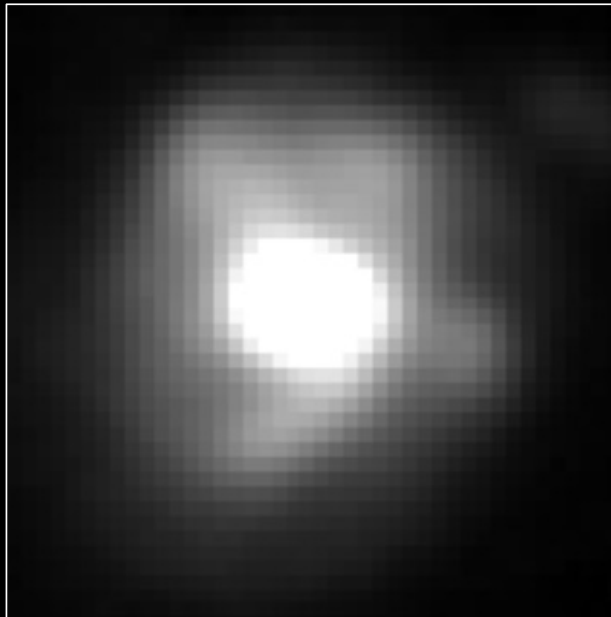
Euclid Preliminary

VIS

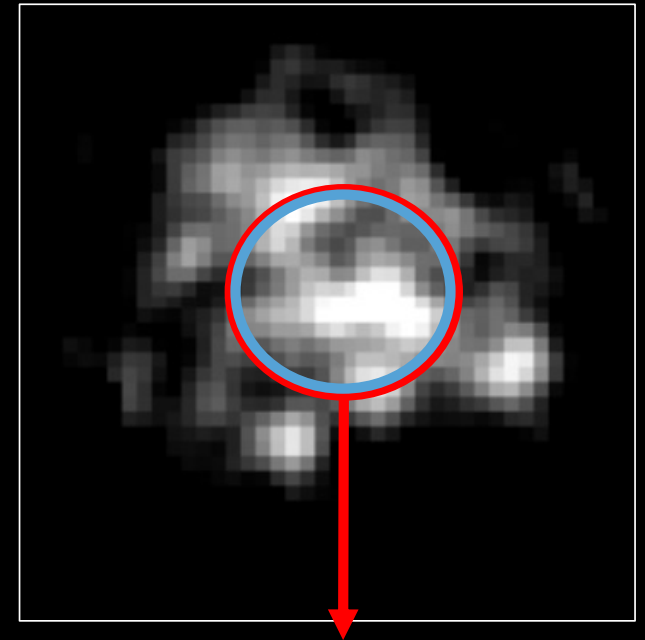


$z = 0.70$

NISP Y



NISP blue grism  
**H $\alpha$  emission line map**

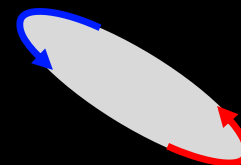


**H $\alpha$  (Euclid) / H $\beta$  (WEAVE)**  
Other aspects to consider:  
PSF, Resolution, Flux calibration



VIS image

Euclid Preliminary



$\lambda$

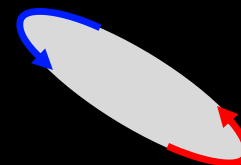
Dispersion axis of the  
NISP Blue grism

2''



NISP Blue Grism  
H $\alpha$  emission line map at  $z = 0.69$

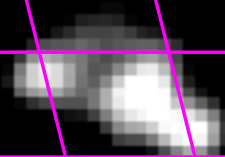
Euclid Preliminary



$\lambda$

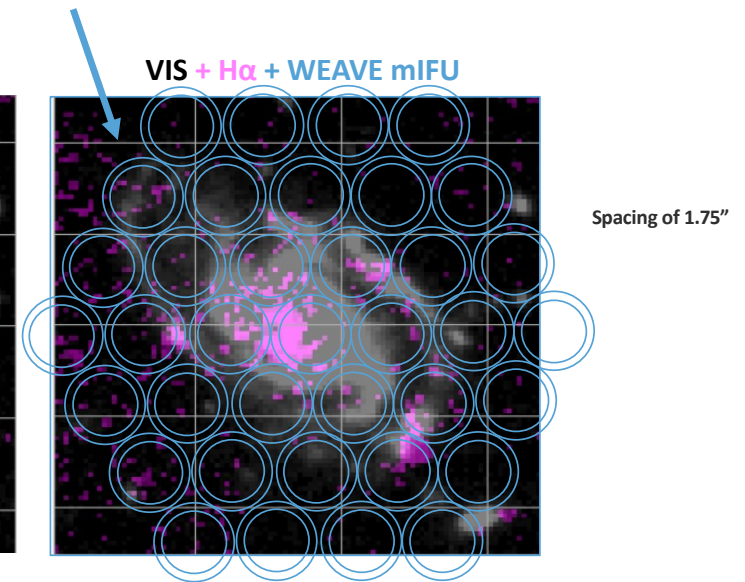
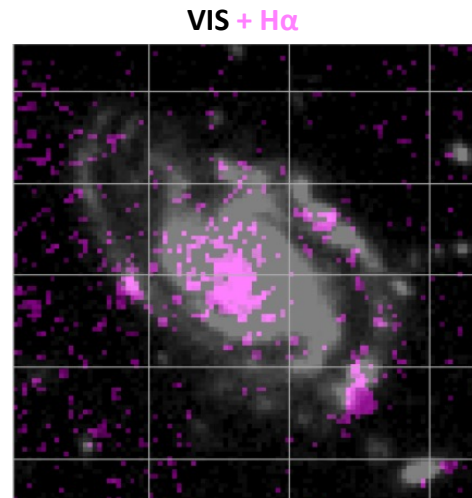
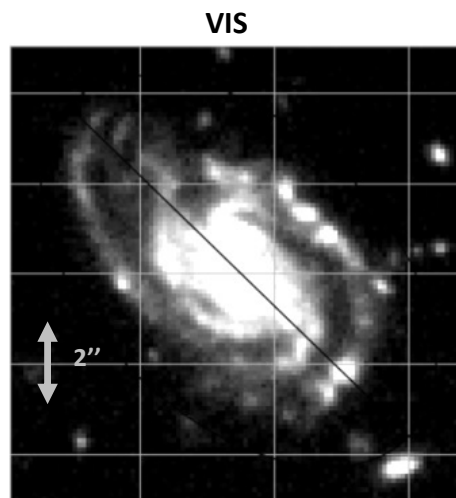
Dispersion axis of the  
NISP Blue grism

2''



# Conclusions

- **Euclid-NISP + GELSA** → Great at producing **emission line maps**!
- **Great versatility** of the **NISP instrument** (*Gabarra, Granett et al. in prep 2025*)
- **>500k beautiful resolved emission line maps** expected during the **Euclid** mission
- Emission line maps can be used **for many science cases**
- **Synergy** between **Euclid** with ground & and **fiber based spectrograph** like **WEAVE** (*Dust attenuation study Gabarra et al. in prep 2026*)
- **WEAVE observations** (fibers + **mIFU (proposal in progress)** → **cross-calib the EL maps**) → **Nov. 2025**



L. Gabarra